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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/042,382	01/11/2002	Wendell W. Cattron	P 0283275 D1142	5496
43569 75	43569 7590 09/22/2006		EXAMINER	
MAYER, BROWN, ROWE & MAW LLP			SERGENT, RABON A	
1909 K STREE WASHINGTO			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	,		1711	
			DATE MAILED: 09/22/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
Office Action Summary		10/042,382	CATTRON ET AL.		
		Examiner	Art Unit		
		Rabon Sergent	1711		
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apported to the plant of the plant is a second of the plant of the plant is a second of the plant is a s	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address		
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO (36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ti will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONI	N. mely filed n the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C.§ 133).		
Status					
2a)□	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>05 Jac</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for alloward closed in accordance with the practice under <u>Backets</u> .	s action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pr			
Dispositi	ion of Claims				
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□ 8)□ Applicat i	Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/of on Papers The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicant may not request that any objection to the	wn from consideration. or election requirement. er. epted or b) objected to by the			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
	inder 35 U.S.C. § 119	difficient Note the attached Office	ACTION OF IGHT 1 TO 132.		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
2) 🔲 Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) ☐ Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) ☐ Notice of Informal F	eate		
	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	αιστι Αμμιισαυσί		

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 08-06) Art Unit: 1711

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

2. Claims 1, 8, 9, 12, 13, and 15-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Schwalm et al. (US 2002/0058146).

Schwalm et al. disclose radiation curable compositions comprising a urethane acrylate, produced from the reaction of an aliphatic diisocyanate with a hydroxy functional acrylate, such as butanediol monoacrylate, and a diacrylate, such as butanediol diacrylate. See abstract and

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paragraphs [0025] and [0037]. It is noted that both the butanediol monoacrylate and the butanediol diacrylate are disclosed as being preferred; therefore, the position is taken that the disclosure of these preferred compounds is adequate to anticipate applicants' claims. Schwalm et al. further disclose that at least one isocyanate functional component may be derived from aliphatic prepolymers derived from compounds such as ether containing compounds. See paragraphs [0020] and [0024]. This teaching is adequate to disclose the features of applicants' claims 12 and 13. The reference further discloses the use of photoinitiators and colorants. See paragraph [0039]. Lastly, the position is taken that the properties of claims 16 and 17 are inherently possessed by the disclosed compositions, since the respective compositions are produced from the same reactants, and therefore, are reasonably expected to possess equivalent properties.

3. Claim 20 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schwalm et al. (US 2002/0058146) in view of Szum et al. ('750) or Tortorello ('547).

As aforementioned within paragraph 2, Schwalm et al. disclose radiation curable compositions comprising a urethane acrylate, produced from the reaction of an aliphatic diisocyanate with a hydroxy functional acrylate, such as butanediol monoacrylate, and a diacrylate, such as butanediol diacrylate. However, the reference fails to disclose the optical fiber applications of claim 20. Still, the use of analogous coating compositions in the production of optical fibers was known at the time of invention, as evidenced by the teachings of Szum et al. and Tortorello; therefore, as one of ordinary skill would have expected these analogous compositions to have equivalent utility, one of ordinary skill in the art would have been

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motivated to utilize the compositions of Schwalm et al. in the treatment of optical fibers, so as to

arrive at the instant invention.

4. Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Szum et al.

('750).

Patentees disclose radiation curable coatings comprising urethane acrylate oligomers,

considered to meet applicants' component (ii), and alkoxylated bisphenol A diacrylates,

considered to meet applicants' component (i). See columns 3-8. Given applicants' disclosure at

page 11, lines 13-15 of the specification, the position is taken that applicants' claimed bisphenol

diacrylate (claims 5 and 6) encompasses the alkoxylated bisphenol diacrylates of Szum et al.

5. The examiner has reconsidered applicants' response, set forth within the amendment of

January 7, 2004, to this rejection in view of the claims, as they are currently drafted. The

position is taken that applicants' argument is no longer relevant to the current claims, because

there is no requirement within the current claims that X_1 of formula (a) and X_1 of formula (c) be

the same. Furthermore, it is by no means clear that the language of claims 2-4 excludes formula

(c) species that correspond to the species of the reference.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to R. Sergent at telephone

number (571) 272-1079.

R. Sergent

September 17, 2006

RABON SÉRGENT

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PRIMARY EXAMINER